



Ferrites and accessories

Toroids
R 13.3, R 14

Series/Type: B64290
Date: September 2006

R 13.3 × 8.30 × 5.00
B64290L0644
R 14.0 × 9.00 × 5.00
B64290L0658

■ Epoxy coating

R 13.3 × 8.30 × 5.00 (mm)
R 0.524 × 0.327 × 0.197 (inch)
Dimensions

d_a (mm)	d_i (mm)	Height (mm)	d_a (inch)	d_i (inch)	Height (inch)	
13.3 ±0.3	8.3 ±0.3	5.00 ±0.15	0.524 ±0.012	0.327 ±0.012	0.197 ±0.005	uncoated ¹⁾
14.4 max.	7.2 min.	5.95 max.	0.567 max.	0.283 min.	0.234 max.	coated

Characteristics and ordering codes

Material	A_L value nH	μ_i (approx.)	Ordering code	Magnetic characteristics				Approx. weight g
				$\Sigma I/A$ mm ⁻¹	l_e mm	A_e mm ²	V_e mm ³	
N87	1040 ±25%	2200	B64290L0644X087	2.67	32.70	12.27	401	1.8
N30	2030 ±25%	4300	B64290L0644X830					
T65	2300 ±30%	4900	B64290L0644X065					
T35	2830 ±25%	6000	B64290L0644X035					
T37	3060 ±25%	6500	B64290L0644X037					
T38	4700 ±30%	10000	B64290L0644X038					

■ Epoxy coating

R 14.0 × 9.00 × 5.00 (mm)
R 0.551 × 0.354 × 0.197 (inch)
Dimensions

d_a (mm)	d_i (mm)	Height (mm)	d_a (inch)	d_i (inch)	Height (inch)	
14.0 ±0.3	9.0 ±0.25	5.00 ±0.2	0.551 ±0.012	0.354 ±0.012	0.197 ±0.008	uncoated ¹⁾
15.1 max.	7.95 min.	6.0 max.	0.594 max.	0.313 min.	0.236 max.	coated

Characteristics and ordering codes

Material	A_L value nH	μ_i (approx.)	Ordering code	Magnetic characteristics				Approx. weight g
				$\Sigma I/A$ mm ⁻¹	l_e mm	A_e mm ²	V_e mm ³	
N87	970 ±25%	2200	B64290L0658X087	2.84	34.98	12.30	430	2.0
N30	1900 ±25%	4300	B64290L0658X830					
T65	2300 ±30%	5200	B64290L0658X065					
T35	2650 ±25%	6000	B64290L0658X035					
T37	2880 ±25%	6500	B64290L0658X037					
T38	4420 ±30%	10000	B64290L0658X038					

1) On request

Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter “General – Definitions, 8.1”.

Effects of core combination on A_L value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter “General – Definitions, 8.2”.

Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

Processing notes

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroyed.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mount.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter “Processing notes, 2.2”.
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers’ drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.

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